CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A method of providing a streaming service in a wireless packet network comprising the steps of:

utilizing a link adaptation technique to adapt a modulation and coding level to achieve a predetermined error rate for transmission of data packets;

utilizing a power control technique to adjust a transmission power to a level which provides desirable performance, said power control technique utilized in combination with said link adaptation technique; and

transmitting said packets of data in accordance with said modulation and coding level and with said transmission power.

- 2. The method of claim 1 wherein said step of utilizing a link adaptation technique is based on a relationship between said error rate and a signal-to-interference-plusnoise ratio.
- 3. The method of claim 1 wherein said streaming service comprises a music delivery service.
- 4. The method of claim 1 wherein said streaming service is provided over a cellular network.

- 5. The method of claim 1 wherein said predetermined error rate comprises a non-zero error rate.
- 6. The method of claim 1 wherein said streaming service is provided over packetswitched bearers.
- 7. The method of claim 1 further comprising the step of applying error-concealment techniques to said data packets at a receiving end.
- 8. The method of claim 1 wherein said step of utilizing a link adaptation technique is performed at periodic intervals.
- 9. The method of claim 1 wherein said step of utilizing a power control technique is performed at periodic intervals.
- 10. The method of claim 2 wherein said signal-to-interference-plus-noise ratio is predicted from a signal path gain, a transmission power level, and a predicted interference power level.
- 11. The method of claim 3 wherein said music delivery service comprises a MPEG-4 Advanced Audio Coder music service
- 12. The method of claim 4 wherein said cellular network comprises an Enhanced General Packet Radio Service cellular network.
- 13. The method of claim 10 wherein said signal-to-interference-plus-noise ratio is estimated by multiplying said transmission power level by said signal path gain and dividing by said predicted interference power level.
- 14. The method of claim 10 wherein said transmission power level is a maximum transmission power level.

15. The method of claim 10 wherein said transmission power level is determined from said signal-to-interference-plus-noise ratio multiplied by said predicted interference power level divided by said signal path gain.